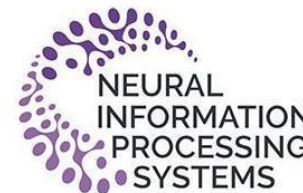




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Let Images Give You More: Point Cloud Cross-Modal Training for Shape Analysis

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Motivation

3D point cloud:

Partial and geometric information.
Only sparse and textureless features.

2D image:

Rich color and fine-grained texture.
Ambiguous in depth and shape sensing.

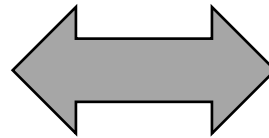
Raw Point Cloud



Raw Point Cloud



Two problems



Or one?

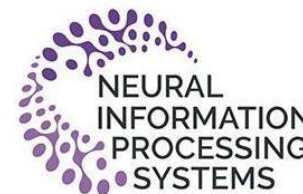
Rendered from CAD



Projection w/ Colors



Motivation



Could we use the rich information hidden in 2D images to boost 3D point cloud shape analysis?

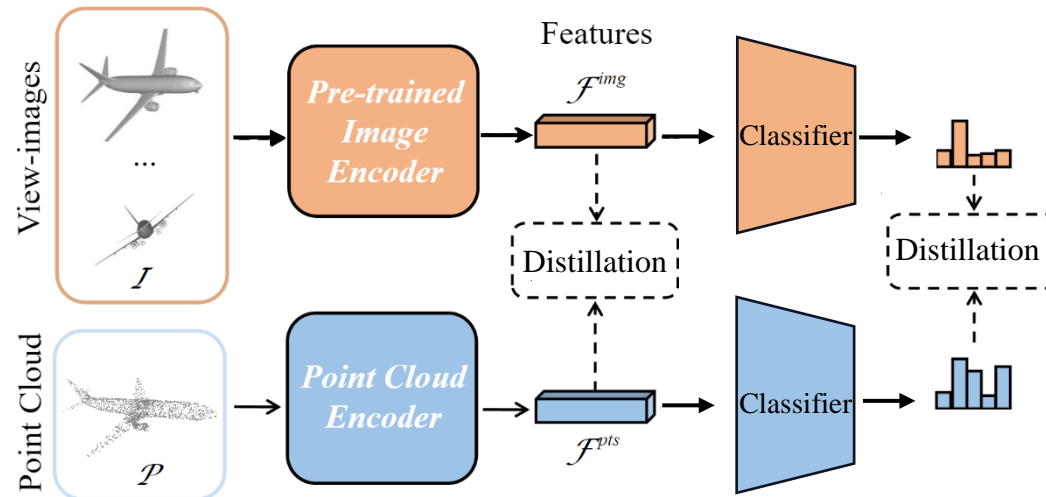
Motivation

Knowledge distillation:

Takes extra image inputs **only in training phases**.

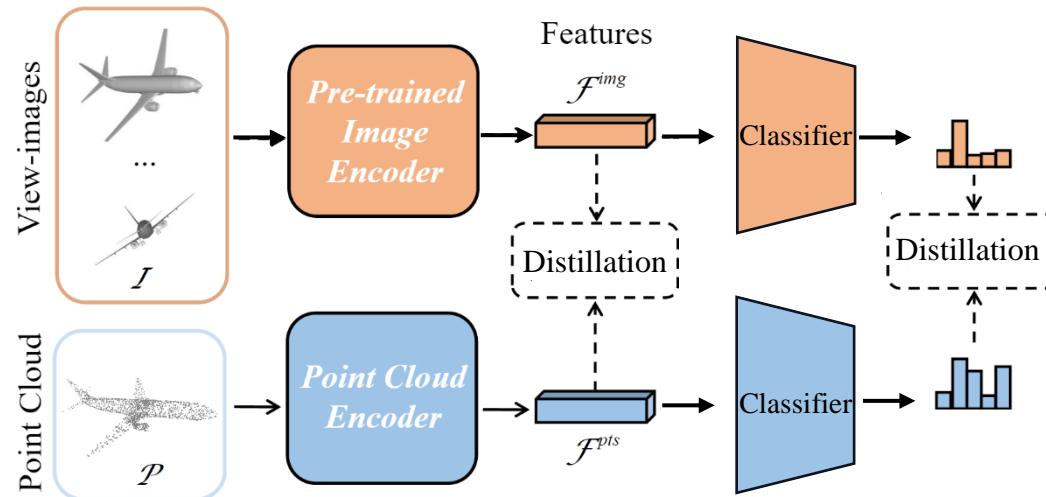
Not computation-intensive during inference.

Don't need paired-images during inference.



Motivation

Our cross-modality setting:
3D and 2D data contain different information.
Encoders are quite different.



Motivation

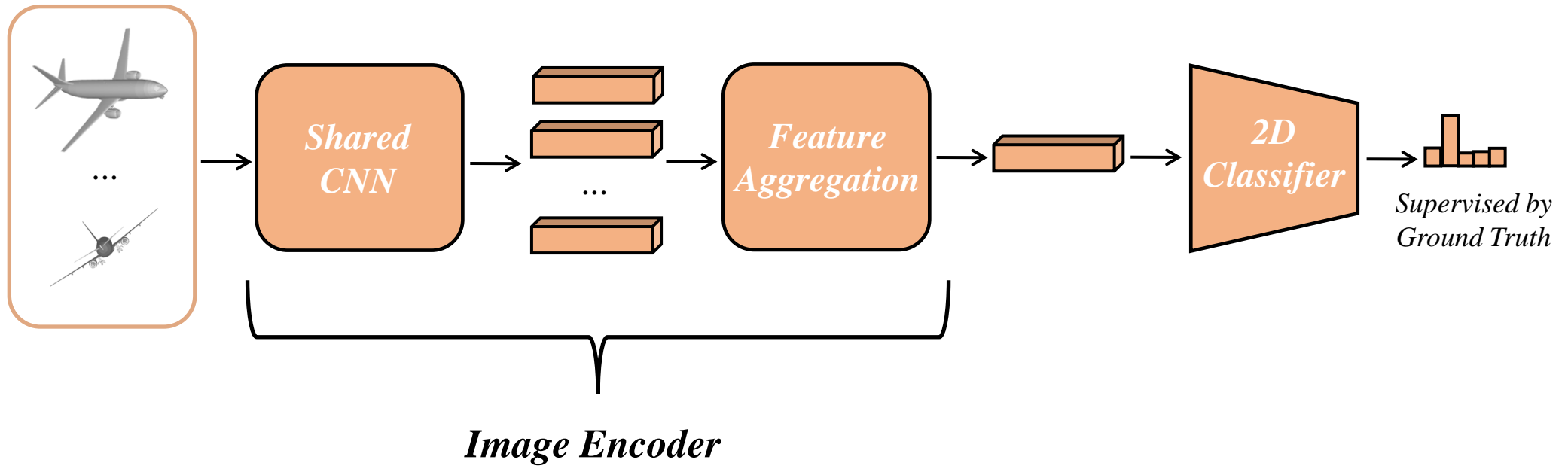


New cross-modal knowledge distillation methods are needed!

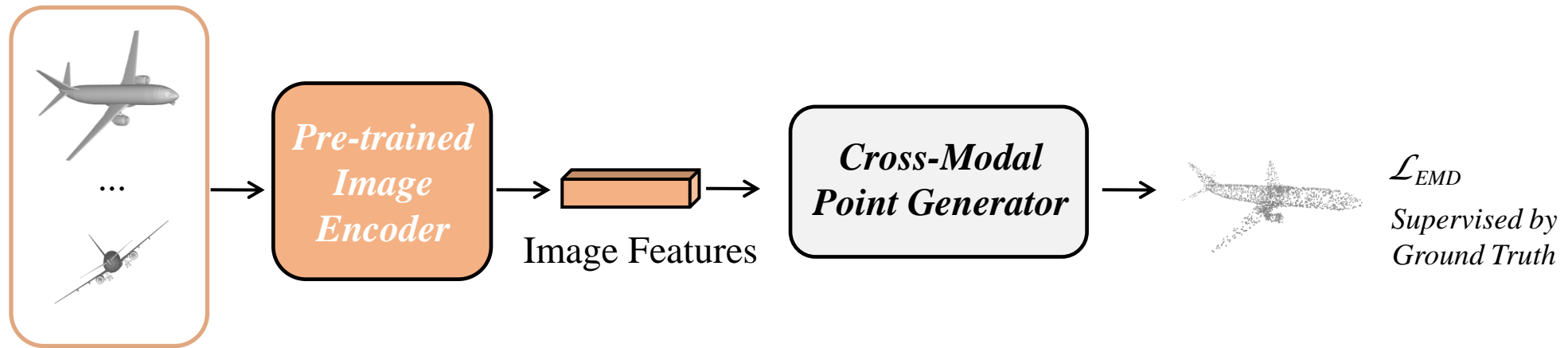
PointCMT

Obtaining image encoder:

$$\mathcal{F}^{img} = \mathcal{A}\{\text{CNN}(\mathcal{I}_v)\}_{v=1}^V.$$



Training cross-modal point generator (CMPG):



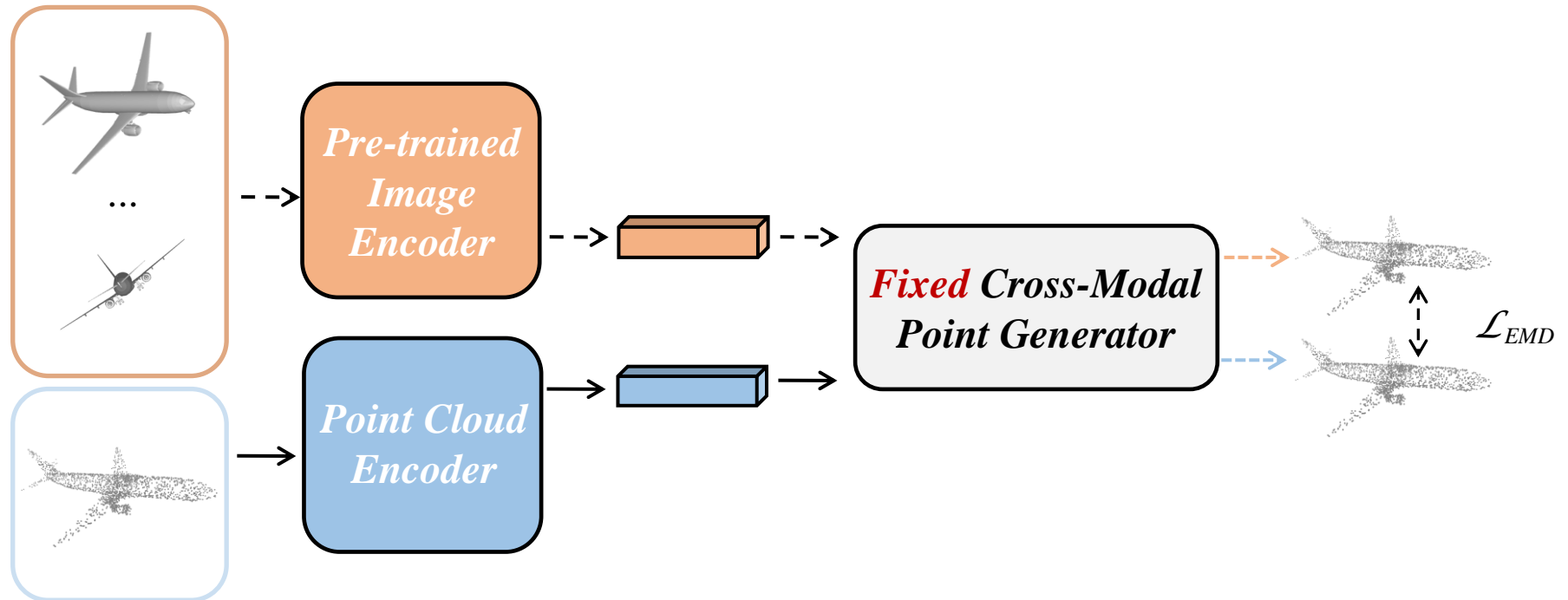
$$\mathcal{L}_{EMD}(\mathcal{P}, \hat{\mathcal{P}}^{img}) = \min_{\phi} \sum_{p \in \mathcal{P}} \|p - \phi(p)\|$$

Compared with traditional L_2 loss, the EMD distance is natural for solving an assignment problem for permutation-invariant point sets!

PointCMT

Feature Enhancement Loss:

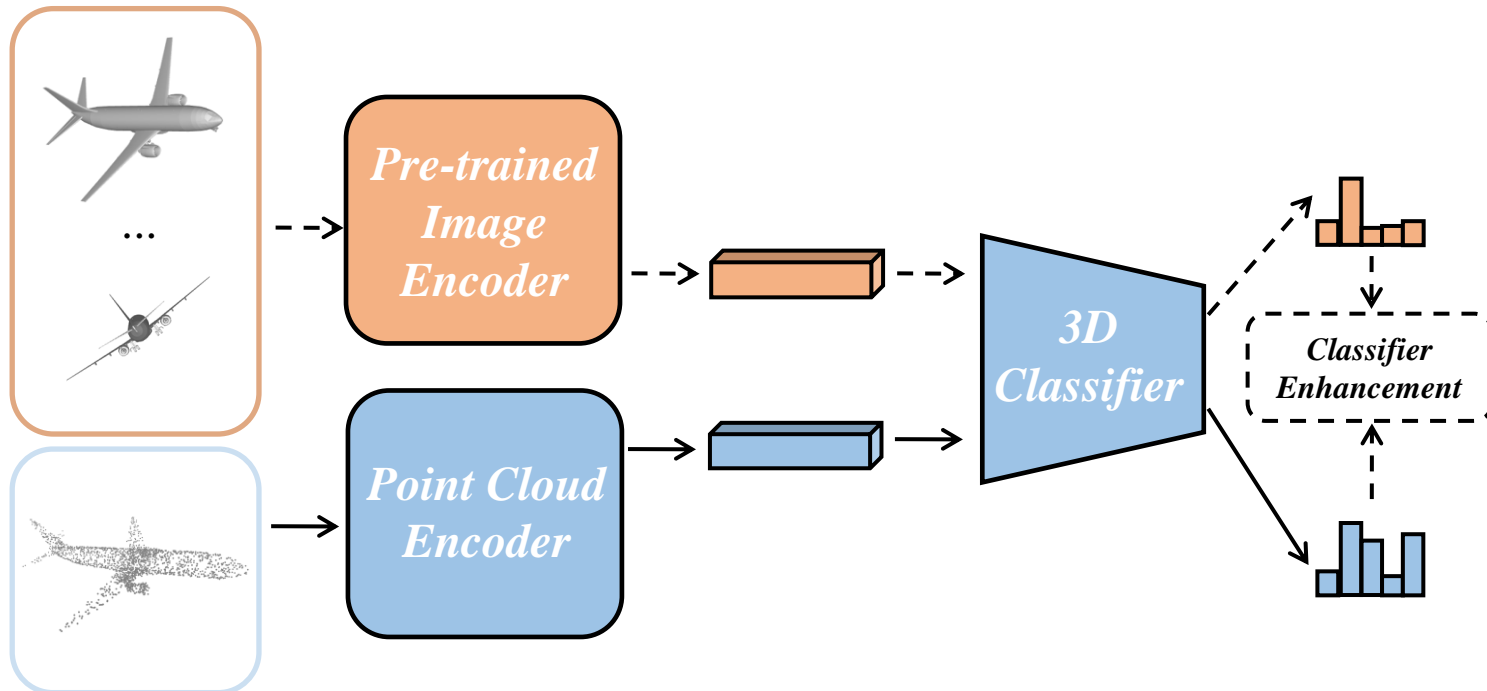
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{Feature}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{EMD}}(\hat{\mathcal{P}}^{pts}, \hat{\mathcal{P}}^{img}) = \min_{\phi} \sum_{p \in \hat{\mathcal{P}}^{pts}} \|p - \phi(p)\|$$



PointCMT

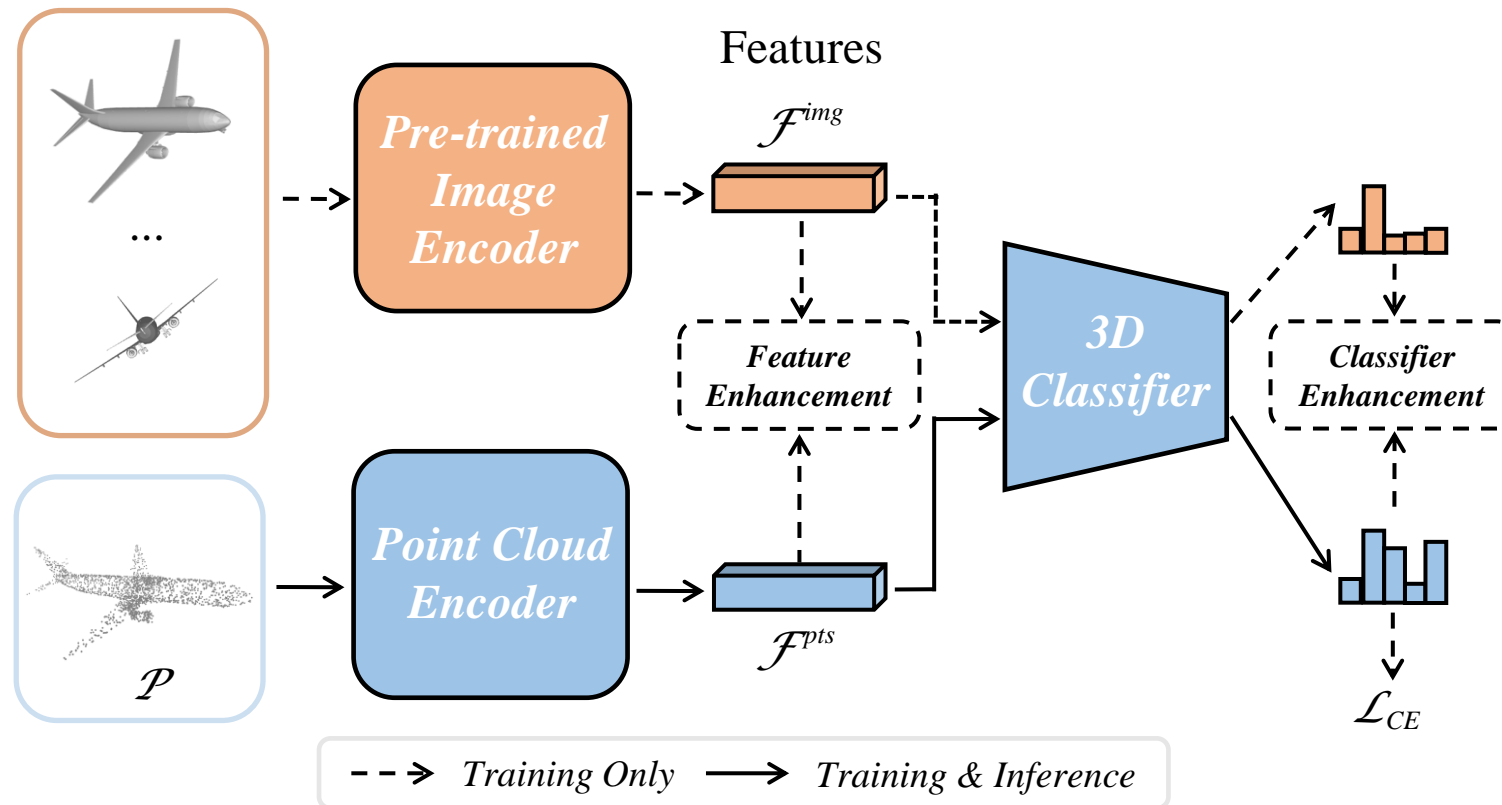
Classifier Enhancement Loss:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{Classifier}} = \mathcal{D}_{KL}(\text{Cls}^{pts}(\mathcal{F}^{img}) || \text{Cls}^{pts}(\mathcal{F}^{pts}))$$

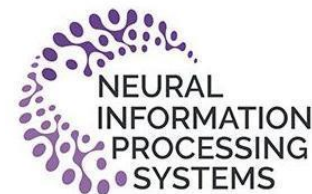


PointCMT

The whole framework of PointCMT:



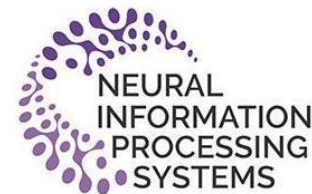
Experiment



Classification results on ModelNet40 dataset

Method	Input	#Points	mAcc(%)	OA(%)	Speed	Param.
PointNet [33]	pnt	1k	86.0	89.2	-	3.47M
PointNet++ [34]	pnt, nor	5k	-	91.9	-	1.47M
PointCNN [25]	pnt	1k	88.0	92.5	-	-
PointConv [47]	pnt, nor	1k	-	92.5	80 [†]	18.6M
KPCConv [39]	pnt	7k	-	92.9	10 [†]	15.2M
PointASNL [54]	pnt, nor	1k	-	93.2	-	-
PosPool [29]	pnt	5k	-	93.2	-	-
Point Transformer [60]	pnt	1k	90.6	93.7	-	-
GBNet [36]	pnt	1k	91.0	93.8	112 [†]	8.4M
GDANet [51]	pnt	1k	-	93.8	14 [†]	0.9M
SimpleView [12]	pnt	1k	-	93.9	2208	1.64M
CurveNet [49]	pnt	1k	-	94.2	15 [†]	2.0M
PointMLP [31]	pnt	1k	91.4	94.5	139	12.6M
DGCNN [43] (baseline)	pnt	1k	90.2	92.9	518	1.68M
RS-CNN [27] (baseline)	pnt	1k	89.3	92.9	2174	1.17M
PointNet++ [34] (baseline)	pnt	1k	90.1	93.4*	300	1.62M
DGCNN w/ PointCMT	pnt	1k	90.8 (+0.6)	93.5 (+0.6)	518	1.68M
RS-CNN w/ PointCMT	pnt	1k	90.1 (+0.8)	93.8 (+0.9)	2174	1.17M
PointNet++ w/ PointCMT	pnt	1k	<u>91.2 (+1.1)</u>	<u>94.4 (+1.0)</u>	300	1.62M

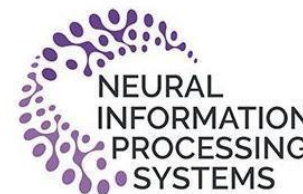
Experiment



Classification results on ScanObjectNN dataset:

Method	OBJ_ONLY		PB_T50_RS	
	mAcc(%)	OA(%)	mAcc(%)	OA(%)
3DmFV [3]	-	73.8	58.1	63.0
PointNet [33]	-	79.2	63.4	68.2
SpiderCNN [52]	-	79.5	69.8	73.7
PointNet++ [34]	-	84.3	75.4	77.9
DGCNN [43]	-	86.2	73.6	78.1
PointCNN [25]	-	85.5	75.1	78.5
DRNet [35]	-	-	78.0	80.3
GBNet [36]	-	-	77.8	80.5
SimpleView [12]	86.2	89.0	-	80.8
PRANet [4]	-	-	79.1	82.1
MVTN [15]	-	-	-	82.8
PointNet++ [34] (baseline)	85.4 ± 0.2	87.4 ± 0.1	75.5 ± 0.3	79.2 ± 0.2
PointMLP [31] (baseline)	89.1 ± 0.3	92.2 ± 0.3	83.9 ± 0.5	85.4 ± 0.3
PointNet++ w/ PointCMT	89.0 ± 0.3 (+3.7)	91.6 ± 0.2 (+4.3)	79.9 ± 0.3 (+4.4)	83.1 ± 0.2 (+3.9)
PointMLP w/ PointCMT	91.8 ± 0.2 (+2.6)	93.2 ± 0.3 (+1.0)	84.4 ± 0.4 (+0.4)	86.4 ± 0.3 (+1.0)

Experiment



Ablation study on ModelNet40 and ScanObjetNN dataset:

Model	FE	CE	ModelNet40	OBJ_ONLY	PB_T50_RS
PointNet++	X	X	93.4	87.5	79.4
	✓	X	93.8 (+0.4)	89.2 (+1.7)	82.5 (+3.1)
	X	✓	94.0 (+0.6)	91.3 (+3.8)	82.3 (+2.9)
	✓	✓	94.4 (+1.0)	91.8 (+4.3)	83.3 (+3.9)

Comparison with Knowledge Distillation Methods:

Method	ModelNet40	PB_T50_RS
Baseline	93.4	79.4
Hinton <i>et al.</i> [17]	93.1 (-0.3)	81.8 (+2.4)
Huang <i>et al.</i> [21]	93.6 (+0.2)	82.0 (+2.6)
Yang <i>et al.</i> [55]	93.9 (+0.5)	81.1 (+1.7)
PointCMT (ours)	94.4 (+1.0)	83.3 (+3.9)



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Thanks for watching!



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