

Differentially Private Markov Chain Monte Carlo

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* Equal contribution

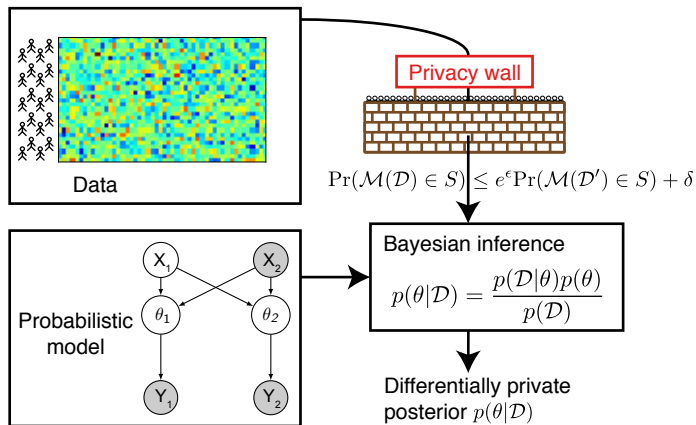
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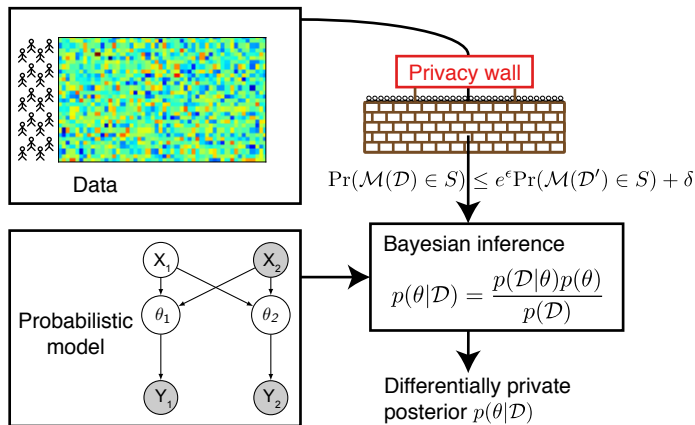
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Motivation



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We propose a method for sampling from posterior distribution under DP guarantees.

DP mechanisms for Bayesian inference

Three general purpose approaches for DP Bayesian inference:

- ① Drawing single samples from the posterior with the [exponential mechanism](#) (Dimitrakakis *et al.*, ALT 2014; Wang *et al.*, ICML 2015; Geumlek *et al.*, NIPS 2017)
Privacy is conditional to sampling from the true posterior.

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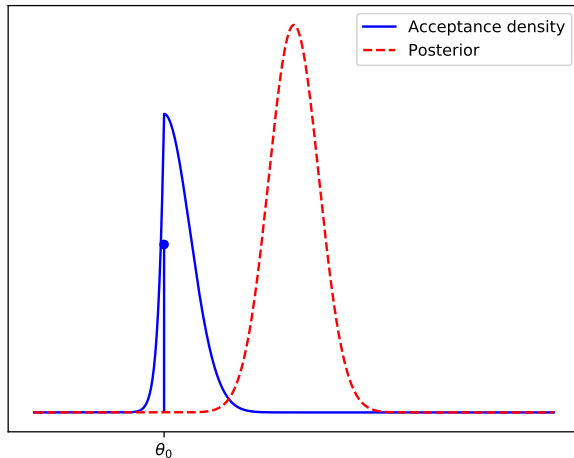
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- ② Perturbation of gradients in SG-MCMC (Wang *et al.*, ICML 2015, Li *et al.*, AISTATS 2019) or variational inference (Jälkö *et al.*, UAI 2017) with [Gaussian mechanism](#), similar to DP stochastic gradient descent
No guarantees where the algorithm converges, requires differentiability

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- ③ Computing the **privacy cost of Metropolis–Hastings acceptances for the entire MCMC chain** (Heikkilä *et al.*, NeurIPS 2019; Yıldırım & Ermiş, Stat Comput 2019)



We employ the stochasticity of this decision to assure privacy

Outline of the method

Acceptance test (Barker et al. 1965)

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Instead of using full data, evaluate above using $S \subset \mathcal{D}$

Decompose the logistic noise : $V_{\text{logistic}} = V_{\text{normal}} + V_{\text{correction}}$

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Analyse the privacy implications (**This work**)

We use Rényi DP to compute the privacy guarantees of the acceptance condition

Subsampling allows us to benefit from privacy amplification (Wang et al., AISTATS 2019)

Conclusions

- We have formulated a DP MCMC method for which privacy guarantees do not rely on the convergence of the chain.

Come see us at our poster **#158** in **East Exhibition Hall (B + C)**



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