

Near Optimal Exploration-Exploitation in Non-Communicating Markov Decision Processes



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Région Hauterde-Erance

facebook Artificial Intelligence Research

Exploration–exploitation in RL with Misspecified State Space



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Misspecified states: Examples

1 Breakout [Mnih et al., 2015]



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Plausible state after some time...





Misspecified states: Examples

1 Breakout [Mnih et al., 2015]





Plausible state after some time...



Non reachable from s_1



Misspecified states: Examples

1 Breakout [Mnih et al., 2015] Intuitive state space: set of plausible configurations of wall, ball and paddle





Plausible state after some time...





Misspecified states: Examples

1 Breakout [Mnih et al., 2015] Intuitive state space: set of plausible configurations of wall, ball and paddle





Plausible state after some time...





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- All existing methods known to efficiently balance exploration and exploitation in RL with theoretical guarantees rely on the optimism in the face of uncertainty principle
- All such methods fail to learn when the state space is misspecified



Why is exploration more challenging with a misspecified state space?

- All existing methods known to efficiently balance exploration and exploitation in RL with theoretical guarantees rely on the optimism in the face of uncertainty principle
- All such methods <u>fail to learn</u> when the state space is misspecified

$$a_0, r_0 = 0$$

$$s$$

$$a_1, r_1 = \frac{1}{2}$$

Example 1 of Ortner [2008]



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Our work



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m O}}\ {\rm TUCRL}:$ first algorithm able to ${\it adapt}$ to the ${\it reachable part}\ {\it of}\ the\ {\sf MDP}$





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